

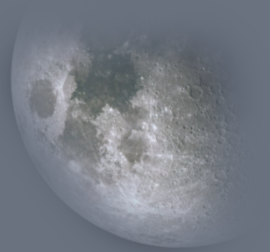
# The Origin of Chromite Symplectites in Mg-suite Troctolite 76535: A New Look at an Old Rock

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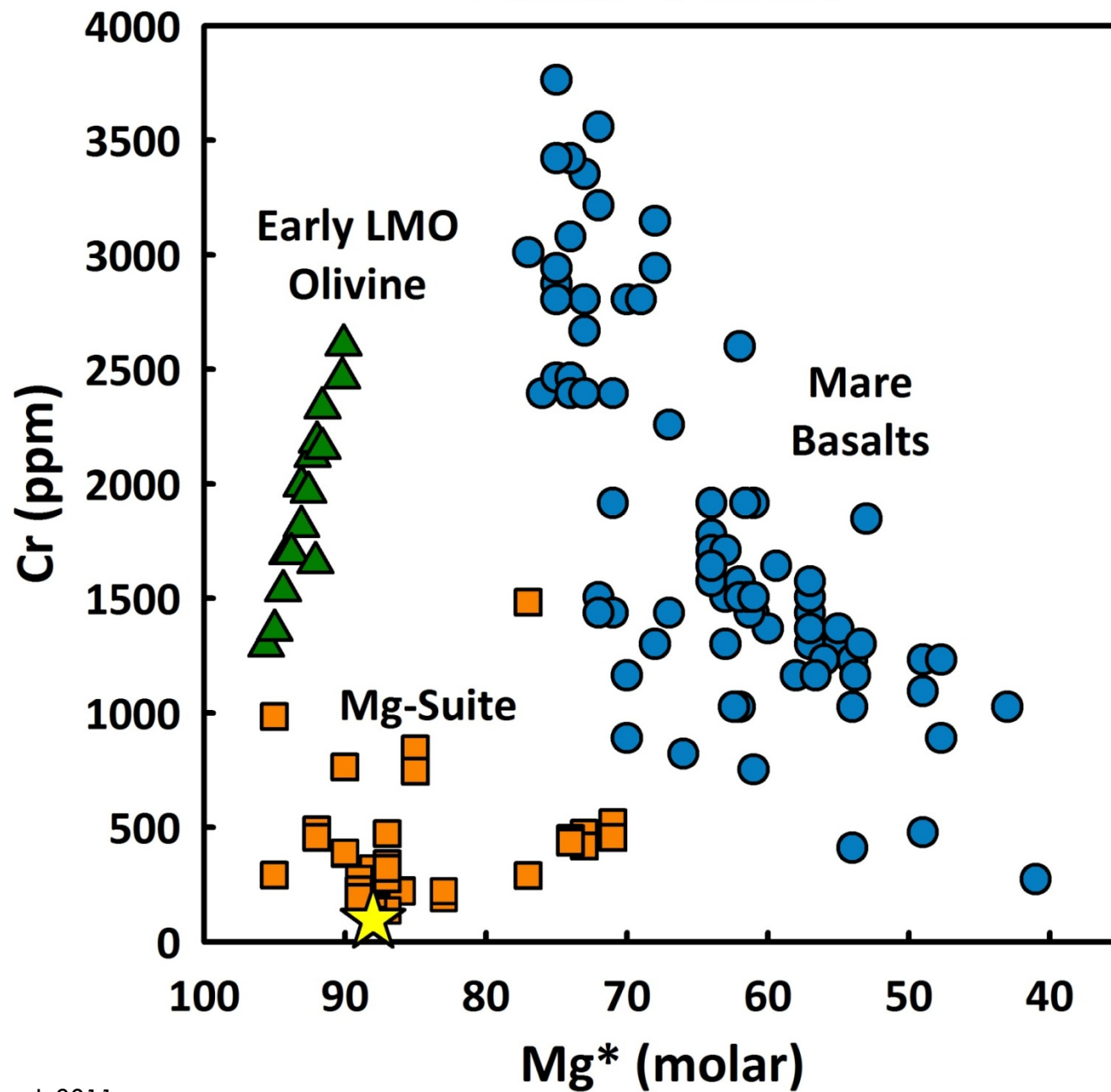
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# Troctolite 76535

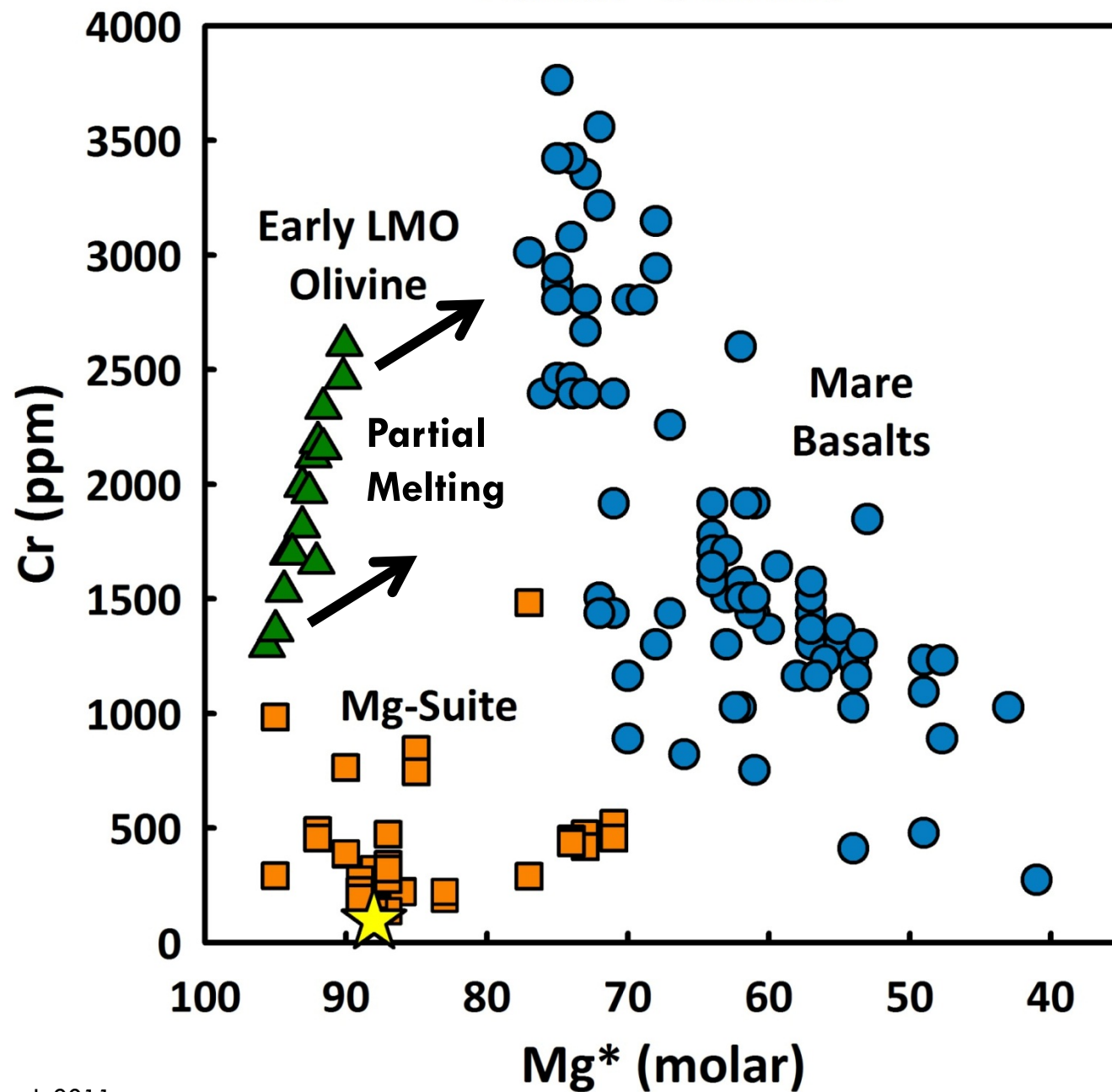


- One of the largest, and the most pristine Mg-suite sample
  - ▣ 30% Olivine, 65% Plagioclase, 4-5% OPX, minor phases
- Pre-Serenitatis,  $\sim 4.23$  Ga
- Olivine very low in Cr compared to mare basalt olivine
  - ▣ Lunar basalts usually higher in Cr than terrestrial basalts
  - ▣ Low lunar  $f\text{O}_2$  makes Cr more incompatible during melting
- Symplectites consisting of chromite and  $\text{CPX} \pm \text{OPX}$

# Lunar Olivine

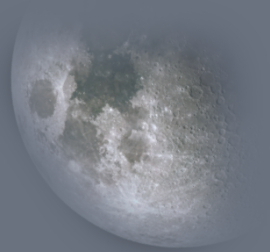


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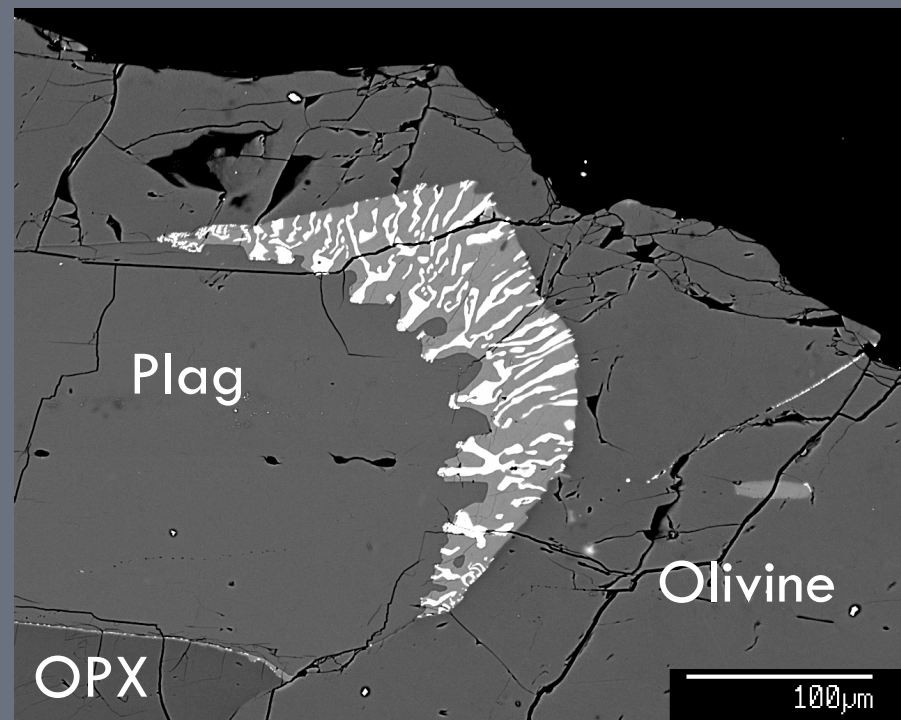
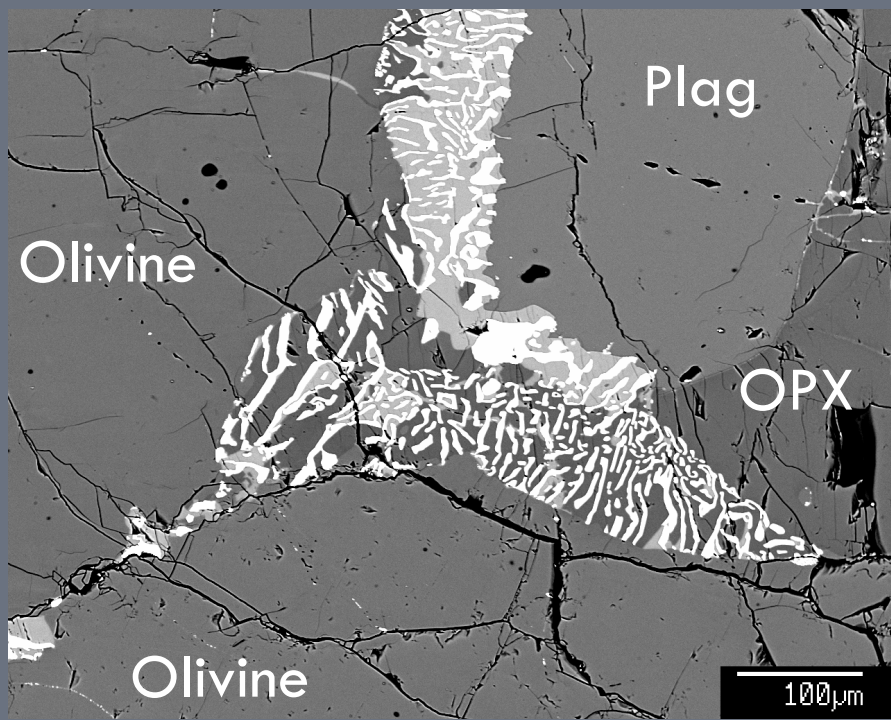
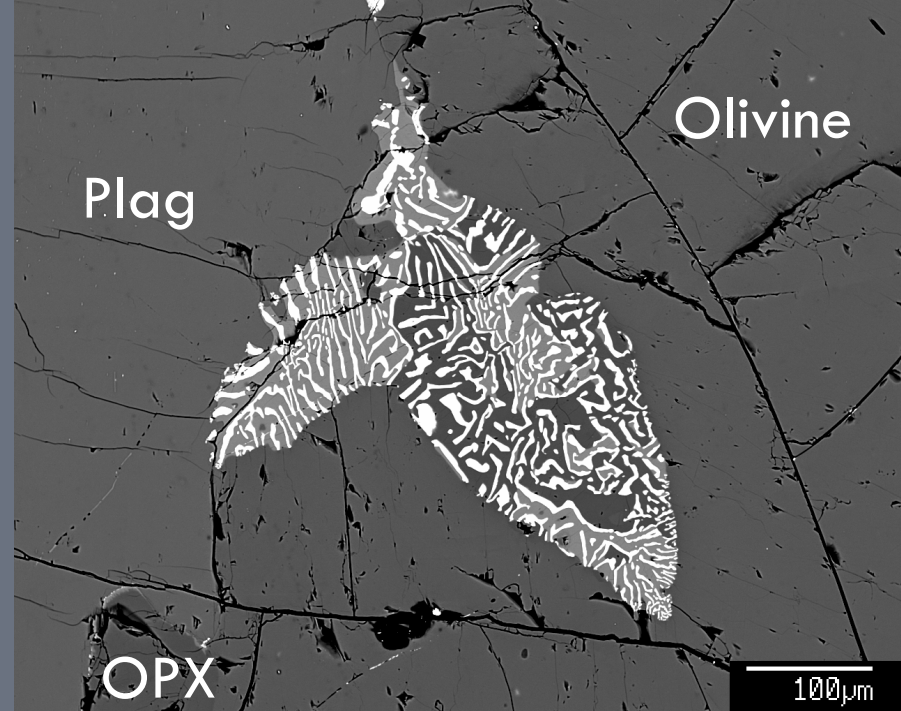
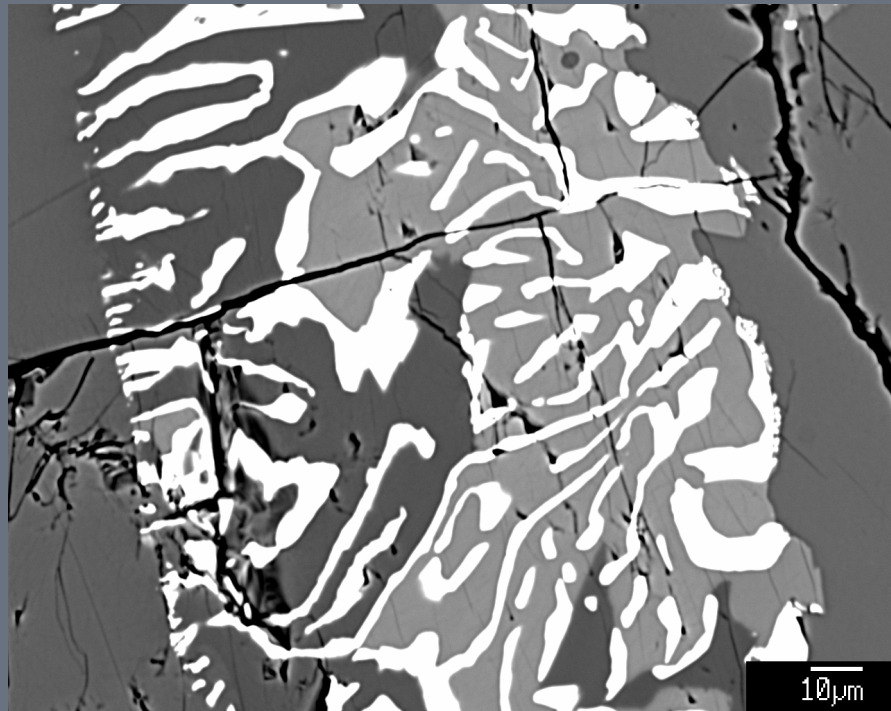




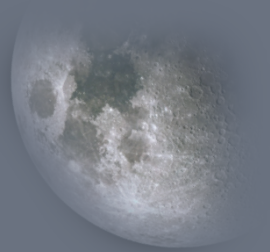
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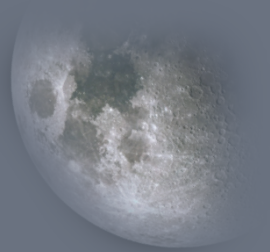


# Questions



- Why is Cr highly concentrated in symplectites in 76535 when its olivine is Cr-poor?
- Is there a secondary process that explain the low Cr content of Mg-suite olivine? Or is it a reflection of low-Cr parental magma?
- What do the answers to these questions imply about the petrogenesis of the Mg-suite?
- This work aims to reassess symplectite formation

# Symplectite Formation



## 1) Crystallization of trapped melt

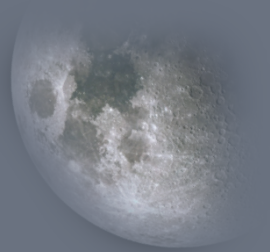
- ▣ Cr source: Chromite from trapped melt

## 2) Reaction between olivine and plagioclase



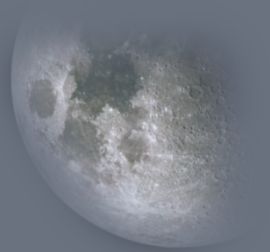
- ▣ Cr source 1: Diffusion of Cr from olivine
- ▣ Cr source 2: Remobilization of cumulus chromite

# Important Observations



- Symplectites and chromite veins occur at or very close to olivine-plag boundaries
  - ▣ But most boundaries are symplectite free
  - ▣ Symplectites usually in close association with large OPX grains
- No cumulus chromite inclusions in olivine or clearly cumulus chromite grains
- Olivine-hosted melt inclusions chromite-free, pyroxenes low in Cr
- Trapped melt pockets contain only small amounts of chromite
  - ▣ Typically in symplectitic texture

# Trapped Melt Pockets?



- Occurs in terrestrial layered intrusions
  - ▣ e.g. Skaergaard, with Fe-Ti oxides
- Requires significant adcumulus growth of olivine and plagioclase
- Symplectites do not contain other minor phases
- Not supported by textures



olivine

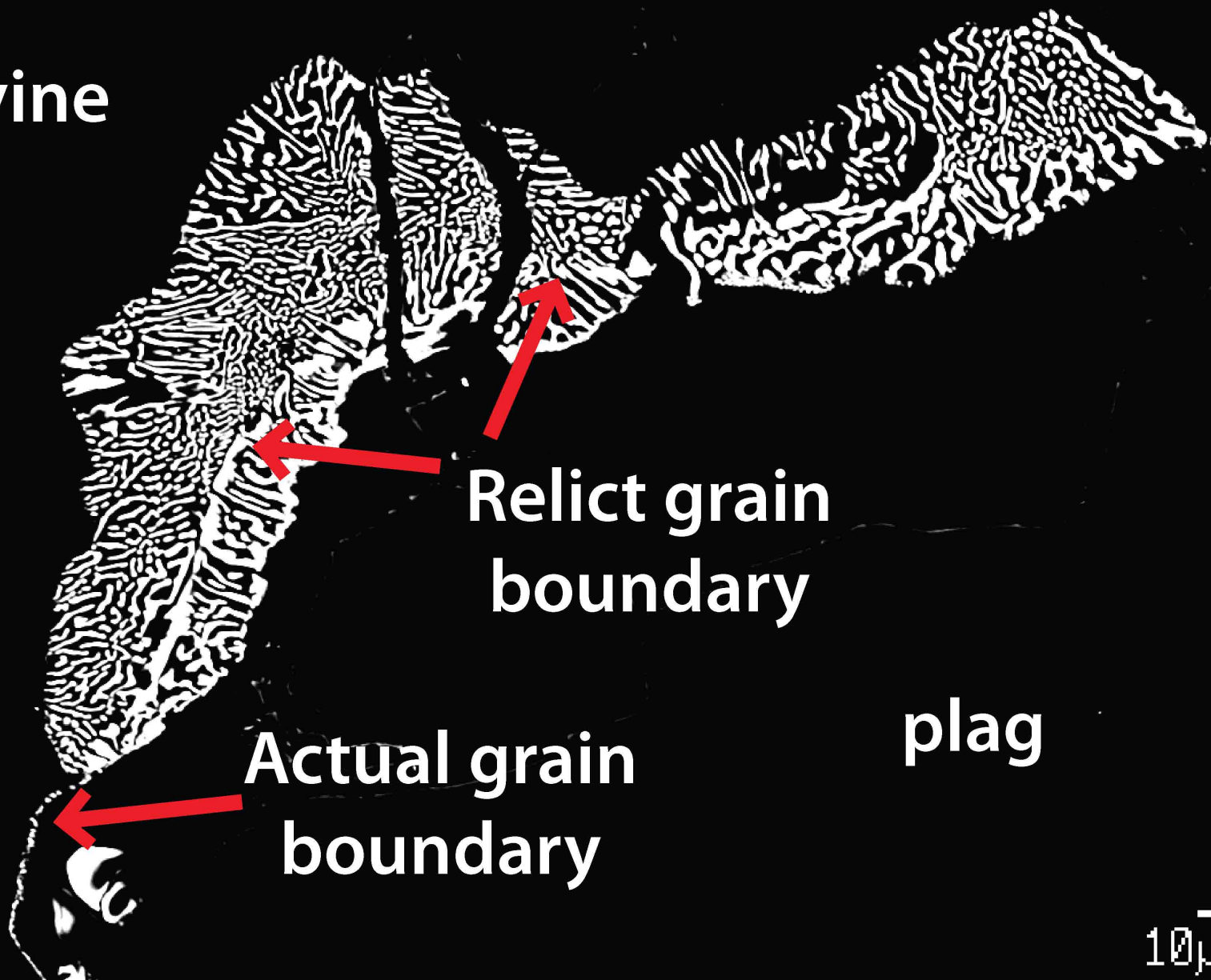
void

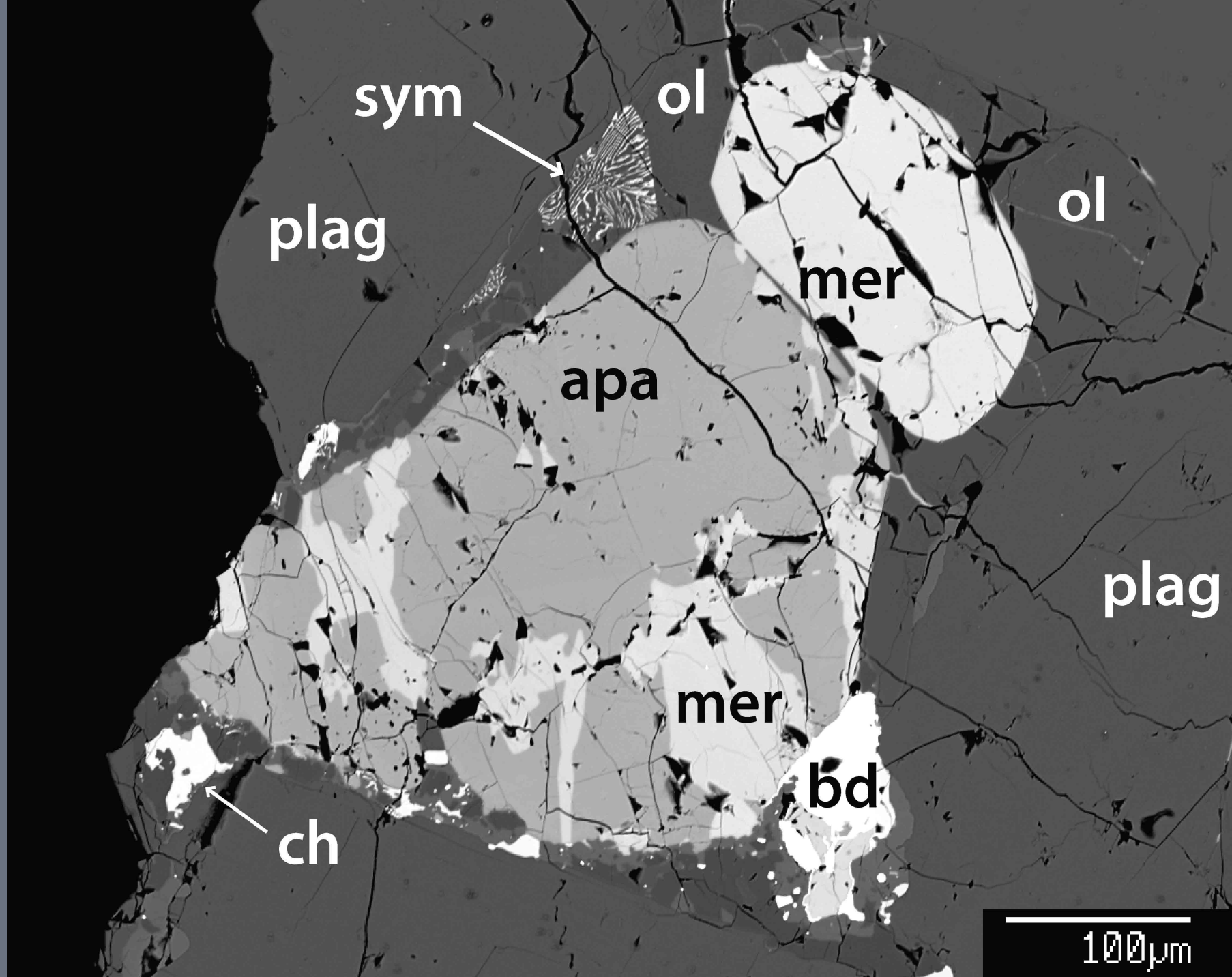
Relict grain  
boundary

Actual grain  
boundary

plag

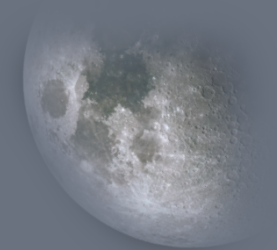
10  $\mu$ m





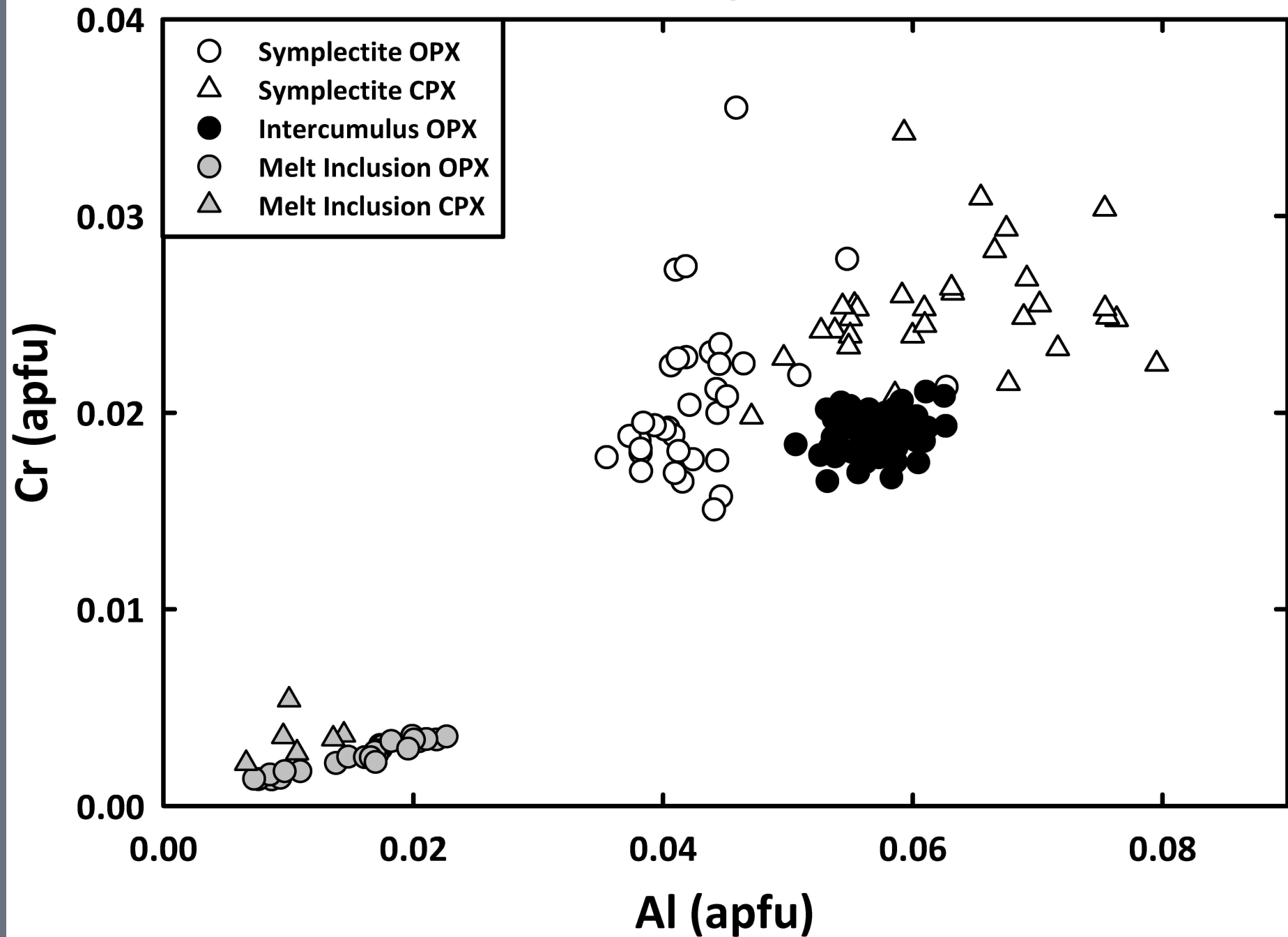


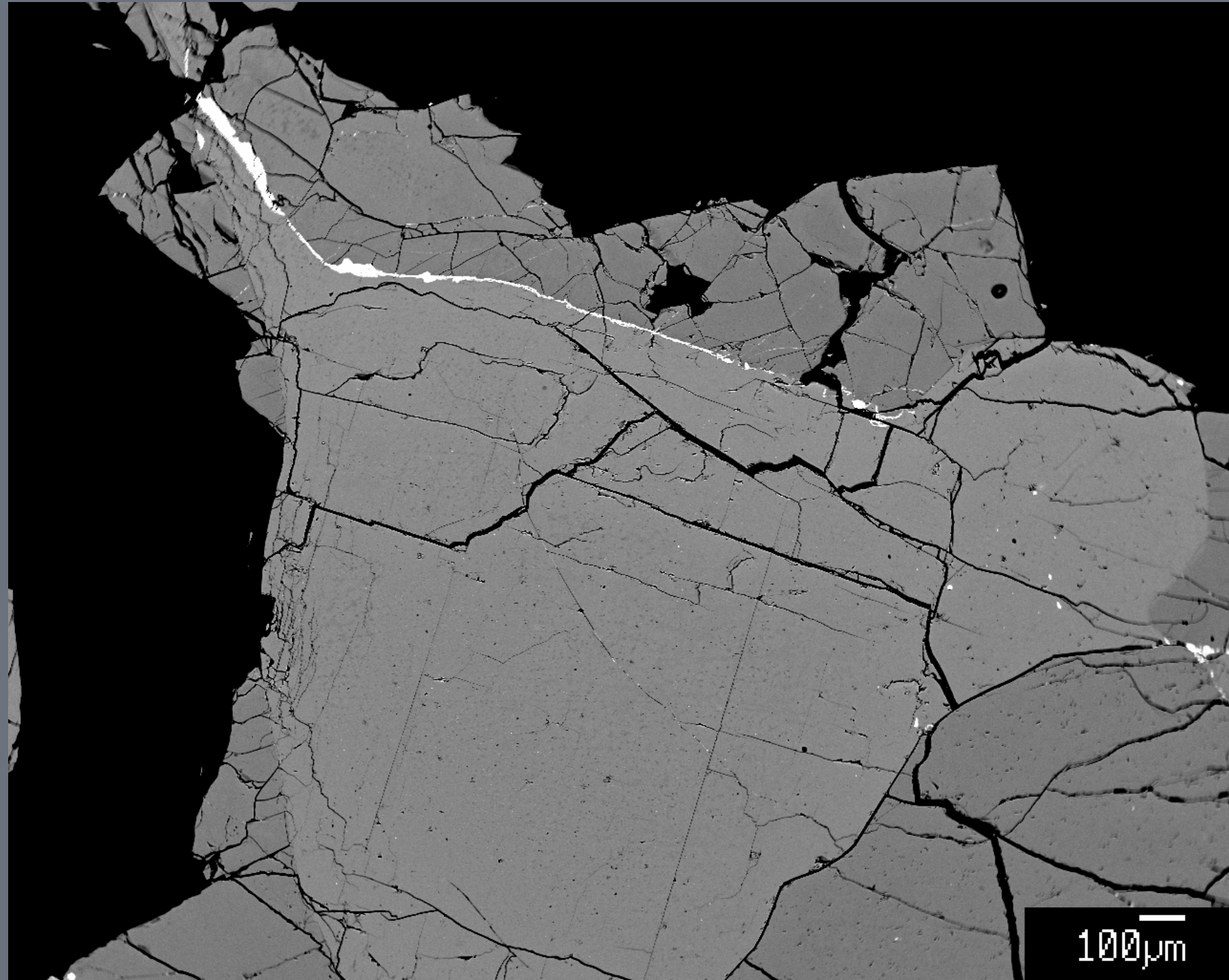
# Diffusion of Cr from Olivine?



- Requires originally Cr-rich olivine
- Also requires Cr oxidation reaction
  - ▣  $2 \text{Cr}^{2+}_{(\text{ol})} + \text{Fe}^{2+}_{(\text{ol})} \rightarrow 2 \text{Cr}^{3+}_{(\text{ch})} + \text{Fe}^{\circ}$
  - ▣ Fe-metal not observed in symplectites
- Inconsistent with uniformly Cr-depleted olivine, low-Cr content of melt inclusions, sparse occurrence of symplectites

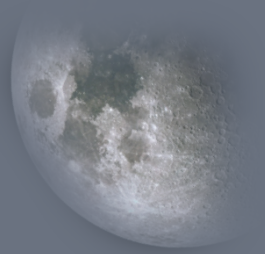
# 76535 Pyroxene



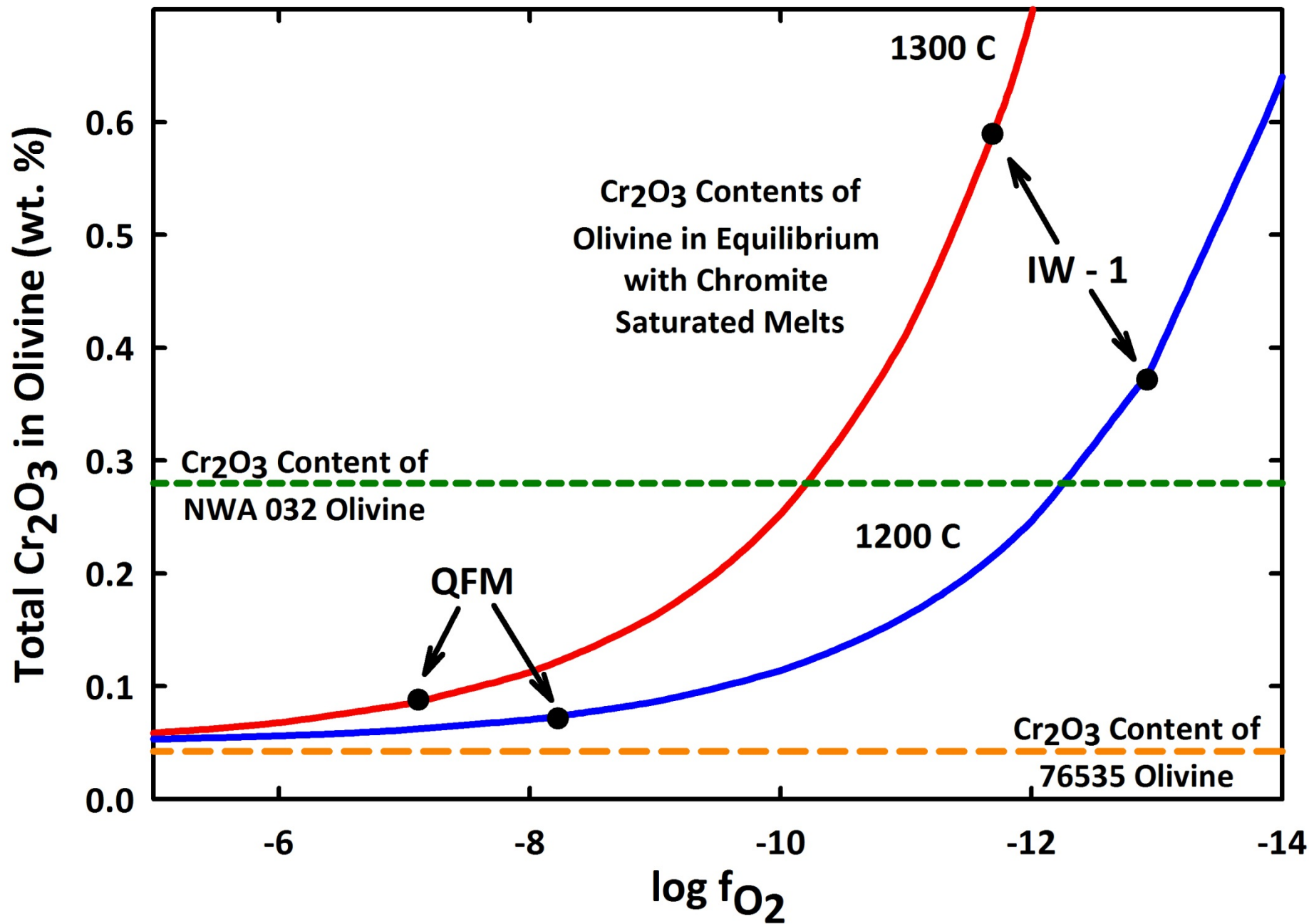


100µm

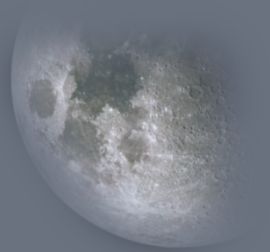
# Pre-existing Cumulus Chromite?



- Requires parental magma be chromite saturated
- Melt inclusion pyroxenes inconsistent with chromite saturation, no chromite in melt inclusions
- Olivine Cr content inconsistent with formation from a chromite-saturated melt

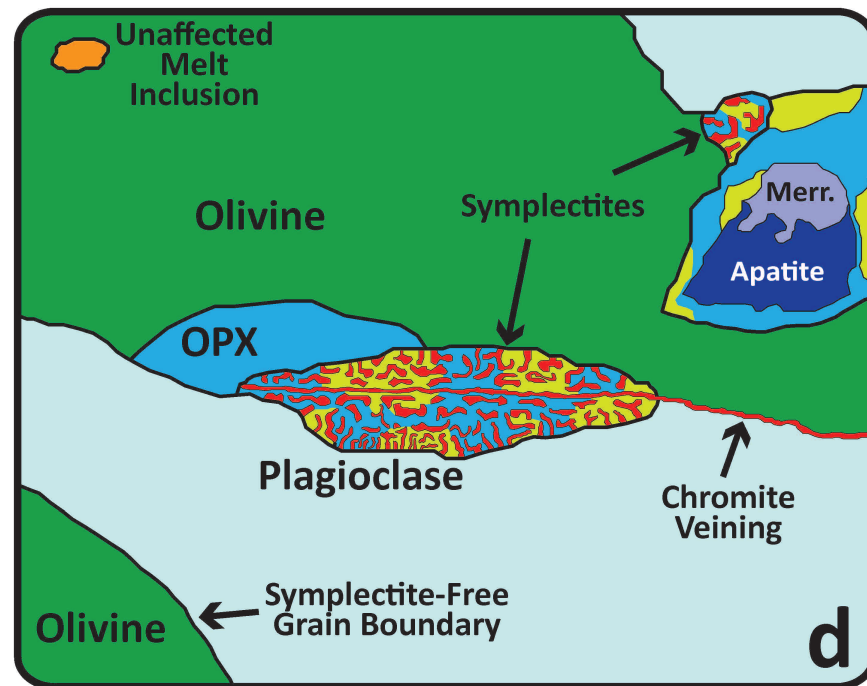
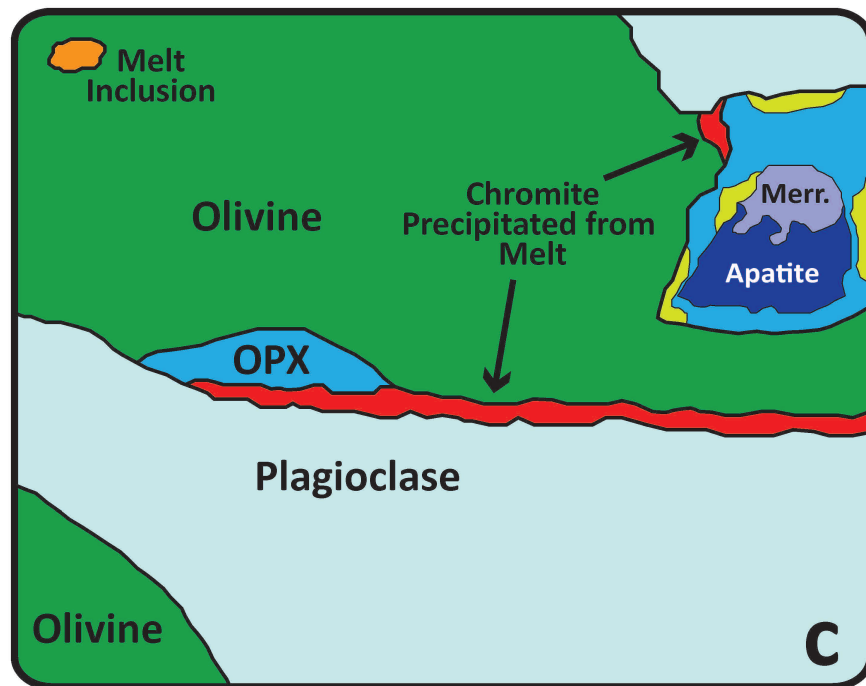
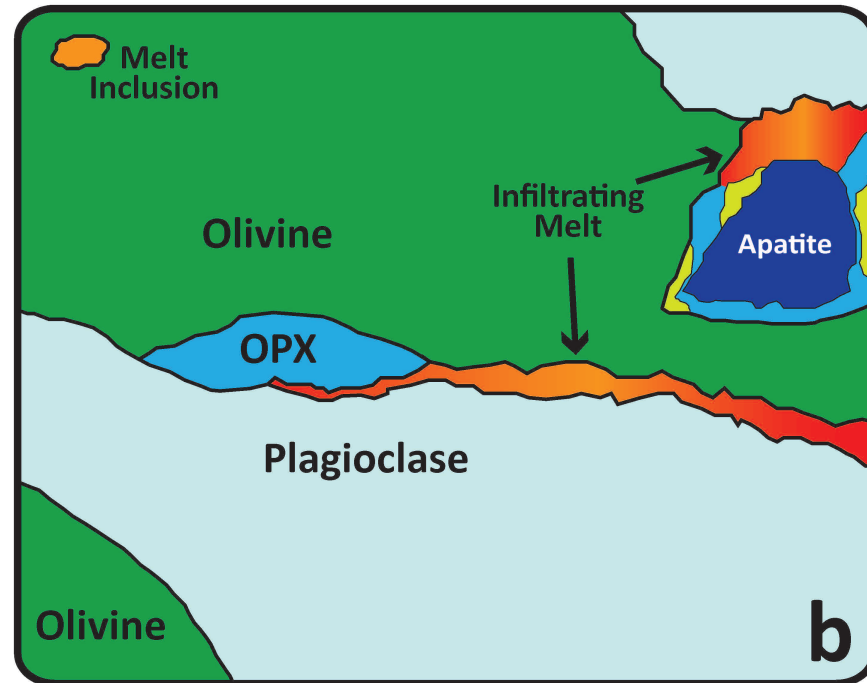
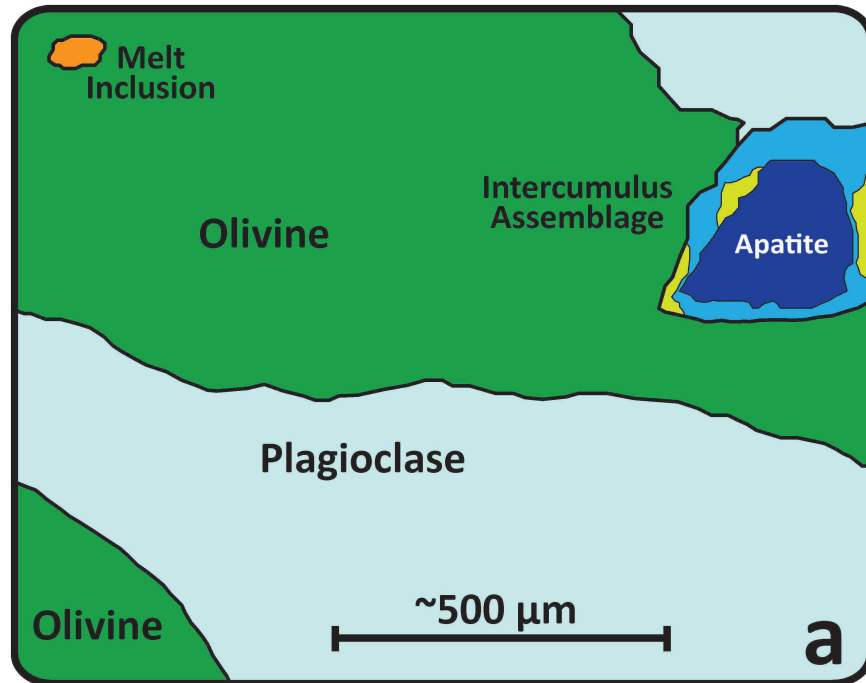


# Cr in the Symplectites

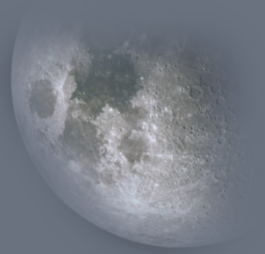


- Internal sources of Cr inconsistent with multiple textural and geochemical observations
- Open system addition of Cr is required to explain symplectites in 76535
- Various factors rule out models involving differential settling of chromite, exogenous fluid
- Model of infiltration metasomatism of a chromite-saturated exogenous melt has fewest caveats





# Conclusions



- ❑ Crystallization of trapped melt, diffusion of Cr from olivine, and remobilization of cumulus chromite insufficient to explain symplectites in 76535
- ❑ Open system addition of Cr is required
- ❑ Infiltration of an exogenous melt is model most consistent with observations
- ❑ If intimate interaction with migrating melts was widespread in early lunar crust, it may help explain overlapping FAN and Mg-Suite ages